

Work Schedule

Training programme: Foundation Training Programme

Specialty placement: General Psychiatry - Juniper , Moseley Hall Hospital, Alcester Road, Moseley, Birmingham

Grade: Foundation Year 1

Length of placement: 4 months rotations in Psychiatry

Employing organisation:

Host organisation (if different from the above): Birmingham and Solihull Mental Health NHS Foundation Trust

Site(s): Juniper

Educational supervisor: (for lead trust to state)

Clinical lead/rota co-ordinator: Dr Imran Waheed, deputy medical director - <u>imran.waheed@nhs.net</u>

Guardian of safe working: Dr Hari Shanmugaratnam h.shanmugaratnam1@nhs.net

Clinical lead/Rota co-ordinator: Dr Giles Berrisford, Deputy Medical Director

Guardian of Safe Working: Dr Shay-Anne Pantall <u>shay-anne.pantall1@nhs.net</u>

Contact details:

Rotas and Contract/Pay elements (Medical Workforce): Leonora Johnson, Medical Resourcing Manager Leonora.johnson1@nhs.net

Education and Training elements (PGME Department): Deborah Davis Postgraduate Medical Education Manager_<u>deborahdavis1@nhs.net</u>

Trainee works: Full Time (40 hrs)

Trainee receives Flexible Pay Premia: N/A

Working pattern / Rota Template / Average weekly hours / Annual pay for role* *Appendix 1 attached to email*

Should your placement be for less the 12 months, your pay will be pro-rated to the length of your placement

Please note- if you are entitled to pay protection in line with Schedule 2 of the TCS or to transitional pay protection in line with Schedule 14 of the TCS, then your actual salary may be greater than the above figure. Where this is the case, your salary will contain one or more additional pay protection elements so as to maintain your salary at its protected level. Should your placement be for less than 12 months, your pay will be prorated to the length of your placement.

Is the trainee covered by the pay protection: choose

Training Opportu	nities:	
	Im mapped outcomes that can be achieved whilst in this placement, ormal and informal learning opportunities available to the post-holder.	
Intended Learni	ng Outcome for Foundation Year 1	
1. Acts Professionally	 Professional behaviour Acts in accordance with General Medical Council (GMC) guidance in all interactions with patients, relatives/carers and colleagues Acts as a role model for medical students, other doctors and healthcare workers Acts as a responsible employee and complies with local and national requirements e.g. Completing mandatory training Ensuring immunisation against communicable diseases Engaging in appraisal and assessment Taking responsibility for ensuring appropriate cover duri leave Adhering to local sickness and return to work policies 	
	 Personal organisation Attends on time for all duties, including handovers, clinical commitments and teaching sessions Organises and prioritises workload as a matter of routine Delegates or seeks assistance when required to ensure that all tasks are completed Personal responsibility Takes personal responsibility for clinical decisions and is able to justify actions Takes personal responsibility for revalidation Accepts responsibility for any personal errors and takes suitable action including: seeking senior advice, apologising, making 	
2. Delivers patient centered care and maintains	 appropriate records and notifications Patient Centered Care Considers the patient as a whole e.g. respecting their personal circumstances, dignity, autonomy, individual healthcare decisio and right to privacy 	s,
trust	 Trust Acts with empathy, honesty and sensitivity in a non-confrontational manner Recognises that the decisions of an individual with capacity are paramount Respects the known wishes of the patient and decisions taken advance e.g. advance decision to refuse treatment (ADRT) and not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation (DNACPR) and manages the patient accordingly 	
	 Obtains and correctly documents consent for core procedures in accordance with GMC and local guidance Assesses mental capacity to give consent 	n
3. Behaves in accordance with ethical and legal requirements	 Ethical and legal requirements Practises in accordance with guidance from the GMC, relevant legislation and national and local guidelines Demonstrates understanding of the risks of legal and disciplinar action if a doctor fails to achieve the necessary standards of practice and care 	у

1	Confidentiality
	 Confidentiality Describes and applies the principles of confidentiality in accordance with GMC guidance Ensures the patient's rights of confidentiality when clinical detai Is are discussed, recorded in notes or stored electronically Complies with information governance standards regarding confidential personal information Follows GMC guidance on the use of social media
	 Describes when confidential information may be shared with appropriate third parties e.g. police and DVLA
	Statutory documentation
	Completes statutory documentation correctly e.g. Death certificates Statement for fitness to work
	Cremation forms
	 Mental capacity Performs mental state examination and assessment of cognition and capacity Uses and documents the 'best interests checklist' when an
	 individual lacks capacity for a specific decision Demonstrates awareness of the principles of capacity and incapacity as set out in the Mental Capacity Act 2005 (or Adult s with Incapacity (Scotland) Act 2000)
	 Demonstrates understanding that there are situations when it i appropriate for others to make decisions on behalf of patients (e.g. lasting power of attorney, and guardianship) Demonstrates understanding that treatment may be provided against a patient's expressed wishes in certain defined circumstances
	Protection of vulnerable groups Recognises the potentially vulnerable patient
4. Keeps	Self-directed learning
practise up to date through learning and	 Acts to keep abreast of educational / training requirements Maintains a contemporaneous e-portfolio which meets training programme requirements
teaching	 Demonstrates change and improvement in practice as a result of reflection on personal experience, multi-source feedback (MSF) and feedback from supervised learning events (SLEs). Identifies and addresses personal learning needs
	Teaching and assessment
	Delivers teaching sessions and presentations which support learning to medical students and other members of the multidisciplinary team
	Describes the role and value of the 'developing the clinical teacher' supervised learning event
5. Demonstrates engagement in	 Discusses how to achieve career ambitions with educational supervisor Maintains an e-portfolio record of evidence demonstrating realistic
career planning	career goals based onCareer guidance, self-awareness, information gathering, selection
	 processes and discussion with colleagues Maintains an e-portfolio record of activities demonstrating exploration of possible specialty career options e.g. completion of taster period and reflection on the experience

6.	Communication with patients/relatives/carers
o. Communicates	 Introduces themselves to patient/carer/relative stating name allow
clearly in a	role
variety of	 Communicates clearly, politely, considerately, with understand indicates
settings	and empathy
	Ensures sufficient time and appropriate environment for
	communication
	Communication in challenging circumstances
	Uses appropriate styles of communication
	Seeks/provides additional support in situations where patient's
	ability to communicate may be impaired
	Breaks bad news compassionately and supportively
	Complaints
	• Acts in an open and transparent way and notifies all appropriate
	persons including the patient when safety has (or potentially has
	been compromised
	 Apologises for errors and takes steps to minimise impact
	Patient records
	 Maintains accurate, legible and contemporaneous patient records
	and ensures that entries are signed and dated in compliance with
	"Standards for the structure and content of patient records Heath
	and Social Care Information Centre / Academy of Medical Roya
	Colleges (AoMRC) 2013"
	Interface with other healthcare professionals
	Describes the structure and importance of the wider healthcare
	team
	Works effectively within the healthcare team for the benefit of
	patient care
	 Makes clear, concise and timely written and oral referrals to ot he healthcare professionals within the hospital
	 Produces a timely, legible discharge summary that identifies
	principle diagnoses, key treatments/interventions, discharge medication and follow-up arrangements
7. Works	Continuity of care
effectively as a	Gives structured handover to ensure safe continuing care of
team member	patients.
	Makes adequate arrangements for cover e.g. handing over blee p
	during educational sessions.
	Interaction with colleagues
	 Acts as a member of the multidisciplinary professional team by
	supporting, respecting and being receptive to the views of other
	healthcare professionals
	 Works effectively with others towards a common goal e.g. accept
	instructions and allocation of tasks from seniors at handovers a
	multidisciplinary team meetings
	Contributes to multidisciplinary team (MDT) meetings e.g. by cas
	presentation, making records
8.	Leadership
Demonstrates	Leads within allocated roles e.g. when asked to organise medic 1
leadership	students
skills	
541113	
	responsibility including principles of line management in medical
	and non-medical staff
	 Demonstrates leadership during routine tasks e.g. organising a performing core procedures

	Decognition of equite illusors
9. Recognises, assesses and initiates management of the acutely ill patient	 Recognition of acute illness Responds promptly to notification of deterioration or concern regarding a patient's condition e.g. change in National Early Warning Score (NEWS) Prioritises tasks according to clinical urgency and reviews patients in a timely manner Recognises, manages and reports transfusion reactions, according to local and national guidelines Assessment of the acutely unwell patient Recognises and promptly assesses the acutely ill, collapsed or unconscious patient using an Airway, Breathing, Circulation, Disability, Exposure (ABCDE) approach and: Correctly interprets clinical and non-invasive monitoring of vital signs* Informs senior colleague and requests assistance / revie w e.g. NEWS ≥ 5 YUtilises normal age-related reference ranges for vital
	signs in infants and children
10	 Immediate management of the acutely unwell patient Initiates prompt appropriate management to stabilise/prevent further deterioration in patients with common acute presentations (including mental health) and seeks timely senior help with the further management Delivers immediate therapy (e.g. oxygen, fluid challenge, antibiotics) to an acutely ill patient Identifies electrolyte imbalance and, with senior advice, delivers a safe and effective method of correction Records and acts on changes in physiological status, anticipating and planning appropriate action to prevent deterioration in vita signs Communicates with the patient, relatives and carers and ensures they are supported
10. Recognises, assesses and manages patients with long term conditions	 Management of long term conditions in the acutely unwell pati ent Recognises acute manifestations/exacerbations/ progression an d new complications of long-term conditions and their causes Recognises how acute illness or injury will interact with preexisting chronic illness/disability The frail patient Recognises frailty Formulates individual patient management plan based on assessment of frailty as well as clinical need Support for patients with long term conditions Evaluates patients' capacity to self-care, including mental health aspects Organises physiotherapy and occupational therapy for inpatien ts with long-term mobility problems Nutrition Describes the prevalence of nutritional disorders in patients with long-term conditions Routinely assesses patients' basic nutritional requirements Performs basic nutritional screen including assessing growth in
11. Obtains history, performs	 children History Obtains and presents accurate patient history, utilising all relevant sources of information including carers/family, doing so in a timely manner

clinical examinations, formulates	 Physical and mental state examination Performs competent physical and mental state examination in a timely manner
differential diagnosis and management	 Presents examination, including mental state, findings succinctly and accurately Uses a chaperone, where appropriate
plan	 Diagnosis Formulates appropriate physical/mental health differential diagnoses, based on history, examination and immediate investigations Requests and interprets necessary investigations to confirm diagnosis Confirms initial diagnosis with more senior doctor Takes account of probabilities in ranking differential diagnoses Clinical management
	 Formulates problem list and confirms management plan with more senior doctor and initiates management plan within limits of competence Performs an accurate cognitive assessment to screen for dementia and delirium
-	 Clinical review Undertakes regular reviews, amends differential diagnosis and expedites patient investigation and management in the light of developing symptoms and response to therapeutic intervention s
	 Discharge planning Anticipates and ensures patients are prepared for discharge taking medical and social factors into account Makes early referral within the multidisciplinary team and to community agencies Communicates with primary care and other agencies
	 Discharge summaries Prescribes discharge medication in a timely fashion Produces a clear, timely, legible discharge summary that identifies principle diagnoses, including mental health, key treatments/interventions, discharge medication and follow-up arrangements
12. Request relevant investigations and acts upon results	 Investigations Requests/arranges investigations which are necessary to assis diagnosis and monitor treatment and are appropriate for patients' needs in accordance with local and national guidance Ensures correct identification of patients when collecting and labelling samples Ensures correct identification of patients when reviewing results and planning consequent management Minimises risk of exposing a pregnant woman to radiation
	 Interpretation of investigations Seeks, interprets, records and relays/acts on results of ECG, laboratory tests, basic radiographs and other investigations an d explains these effectively to patients

13. Correct	Correct prescription
Prescription	 Prescribes medicines, blood products and fluids correctly, accurately and unambiguously in accordance with GMC and oth er guidance using correct documentation to ensure that patients receive the correct drug via the correct route at the correct frequency and at the correct time Demonstrates understanding of responsibilities and restrictions with regard to prescribing high risk medicines including anticoagulation, insulin, chemotherapy and immunotherapy Performs dosage calculations accurately and verifies that the dc se calculated is of the right order Reviews previous prescriptions and transfers/ transcribes accurately and appropriately Describes the potential hazards related to different routes of drug administration (e.g. oral, intramuscular, intravenous, intratheca I) Follows the guidance in Good Medical Practice in relation to self prescribing and prescribing for friends and family Within the hospital, prescribes controlled drugs using appropria e legal framework and describes the management and prescribing of controlled drugs in the community Describes the importance of security issues in respect of
	• Describes the importance of security issues in respect of prescriptions
	 Clinically effective prescription Prescribes and administers for common important indications including medicines required urgently in the management of medical emergencies e.g. sepsis, exacerbation of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary oedema, congestive
	 cardiac failure, pain, thromboprophylaxis Prescribes safely for different patient groups including frail elderly, children, women of child-bearing potential, pregnant
	 women and those with hepato-renal dysfunction Prescribes and administers oxygen, fluids and antimicrobials as appropriate e.g. in accordance with NICE guidance on antimicrobial and intravenous fluid therapy Chooses appropriate intravenous fluids as vehicles for intraven ous drugs and calculates the correct volume and flow rate Assesses the need for fluid replacement therapy and chooses a prescribes appropriate intravenous fluids and calculates the
	 correct volume and flow rates Prescribes and administers blood products safely in accordance with guidelines/protocols on safe cross matching and the use of blood and blood products
	 Discussion of medication with patients Discusses drug treatment and administration with patients/carers,
	 including duration of treatment, unwanted effects and interactions Obtains an accurate drug history, including allergy, self- medication, use of complementary healthcare products and enquiry about allergic and other adverse reactions
	 Guidance on prescription Prescribes using all available support including local and national
	 formularies, pharmacists and more experienced prescribers to ensure accurate, safe and effective error-free prescribing, whils recognising that legal responsibility remains with the prescriber Prescribes according to relevant national and local guidance on antimicrobial therapy, recognising the link between antimicrobial prescribing and the development of antimicrobial resistance

	 Review of prescriptions Reviews prescriptions regularly for effectiveness and safety tak account of patient response, adverse reactions and drug level monitoring Recognises and initiates action for common adverse effects of drugs and communicates these to patients, including potential effects on work and driving
14. Preform	Core procedures are mandated by the General Medical Council (GMC)
procedures safely	 and trainees must be signed off a competent to perform them. Trainels may have the opportunity to perform many other procedures according to their clinical placements. Trainees should only perform procedures independently or teach medical students core procedures when they have been sanctioned to do this by their supervisor. Core Procedures Performs competently the core procedures listed (see Table 2) either in the workplace or on simulated patients For each procedure, the foundation doctor should know the indications and contraindications and be able to Explain the procedure to patients, including possible complications, and gain valid informed consent Prepare the required equipment, including a sterile field Position the patient Prescribe and/or administer appropriate analgesia in certain patients Adequately prepare the skin using aseptic technique where relevant Ademinister local anaesthetic correctly for the procedure Recognise, record and be able to undertake emergency management of common complications Safely dispose of equipment, including sharps Document the procedure, including the labelling of samples an 1 giving instructions for appropriate aftercare/monitoring
	Other procedures
	 Performs under supervision procedures linked to a specialty placement
	 Is trained and manages cardiac and respiratory arrest Initiates and responds to a crash call Functions as a competent member of the team providing immediate life support Is trained:
	 To initiate and perform immediate adult life support comprising cardiopulmonary resuscitation, simple airway management and safe defibrillation To provide basic paediatric life support (for doctors working with infants and children) To use a defibrillator To adapt resuscitation in certain situations e.g. in pregnant patients
	 Do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation orders Demonstrates understanding of and respect for do not attempt cardiopulmonary resuscitation (DNACPR) decisions

16. Demonstrates understanding of the principles of health promotion and illness prevention	 Explains to patients the possible effects of lifestyle, including the effects of diet, nutrition, inactivity, smoking, alcohol and substance abuse Recognises the impact of wider determinants of health and advises on preventative measures with reference to local and national guidelines including: Smoking cessation and supportive measures Appropriate alcohol intake levels or drinking cessation Illicit drug use and referral to support services Biohazards Risks of UV and ionising radiation especially the harmful effects of sunlight Lack of exercise and physical/mental activity Weight management Employment Vaccination programmes Cancer screening e.g. breast, cervical, bowel Recommends well man/women clinics
	 End of Life care Contributes as a member of the multidisciplinary team to delivering high quality end of life care that is in line with the individuals' needs and preferences Recognises that a patient is likely to die in the next few hours or days and: Assesses whether this is reversible and, if so, whether this is in line with the patient's wishes Ensures that this is communicated clearly and with empathy to the patient (where appropriate) and those close to the patient Recognises the limitation of own competence and experience to make such an assessment and seeks seni advice Accesses palliative care services when desired Recognises that palliative care requires attention to physical, psychological, emotional, social and spiritual aspects of the patient's experience, and those close to them. Helps patient to access this if required Care after death Confirms death by conducting appropriate physical examinatio documenting findings in the patient record Behaves professionally and compassionately when confirming a discussionately when confirming a
	 pronouncing death Follows the law and statutory codes of practice governing completion of Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD) an d cremation certificates. Completes MCCD when trained to do so and notes details reported on the MCCD in the patient record Demonstrates understanding of circumstances requiring report ing death to coroner/procurator fiscal.
	 Reports death to coroner/procurator fiscal after discussion with a senior colleague Discusses the benefits of post mortem examination and explain s the process to relatives/carers Completes relevant sections of cremation forms when trained to do this

	Developed competence					
18. Recognises	Personal competence					
and works	Recognises and works within limits of competency Calls for conjugate help and advise in a timely manner and					
within limits of						
personal	communicates concerns/expected response clearly.					
competence	Uses clinical guidelines and protocols, care pathways and bund les					
	Takes part in activities to maintain and develop competence acalize apparturities to de CLEC and attending simulation					
	seeking opportunities to do SLES and attending simulation					
	training					
	 Demonstrates evidence of reflection on practice and how this h 					
	led to personal development					
19. Making	Patient Safety					
patient safety	Delivers healthcare within clinical governance frameworks under					
a priority in	senior/consultant direction					
clinical	 Describes how the needs of the patient should not compromise 					
practice	personal safety or the safety of others					
	Discusses the limitations of clinical pathways and seeks advice					
	regarding deviating from these in certain individual patient					
	circumstances					
	Undertakes appropriate pre-theatre/procedure checks including					
	World Health Organisation (WHO) safe surgery checklist					
	Describes the mechanisms to report:					
	• Never events					
	 Critical incidents/near misses 					
	 Shows evidence of reflection on a patient safety issue with 					
	thought about possible causes, including role of human factors					
	and system error					
	 Causes of impaired performance, error or suboptimal patient c are Describes: The risks to patients if personal performance is compromised The effects of stress and fatigue on performance (personal or of others), with actions to minimise its impact, along 					
	with sources of help					
	 How medications, which they may be taking, can reduce personal performance 					
	 Why health problems (personal or of others) must not 					
	compromise patient care or expose colleagues or patien					
	to harm					
	 The need to report personal health problems in a timely 					
	manner and awareness of the support services available					
	• Takes responsibility for personal health and performance, e.g. by					
	reporting sickness absence in a timely manner and completing					
	return to work documentation as required.					
	 Notifies appropriate individuals, and arranges cover where 					
	applicable, for planned or unexpected absences.					
	Seeks support appropriately (e.g. GP, occupational health,					
	 Seeks support appropriately (e.g. GP, occupational health, support services) regarding health or emotional concerns that might impact personal performance 					

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	Patient identification
	Ensures patient safety by positive identification of the patient:
	 At each encounter
	 In case notes
	• When prescribing/administering drugs
	 On collecting specimens and when requesting and
	reviewing investigations
	• Uses appropriate 2 or 3 point checks (e.g.name, date of birth,
	hospital number, address) in accordance with local protocols ar d
	national guidance
	 Crosschecks identification immediately before
	procedures/administration of blood products/IV drugs
	Usage of medical devices and information technology (IT) (n.b.
	this excludes implantable devices)
	interpret non-invasive monitoring correctly and safely after
	appropriate training
	Accesses and uses IT systems including local computing system s
	appropriately
	 Demonstrates good information governance in use of electronic
	records
	Infection control
	• Demonstrates consistently high standard of practice in infectio
	control techniques in patient contact and treatment including
	hand hygiene and use of personal protective equipment (PPE)
	Demonstrates safe aseptic technique and correctly disposes of
	sharps and clinical waste
	Demonstrates adherence to local guidelines/protocols for
	antibiotic prescribing
	 Requests screening for any disorder which could put other
	patients or staff at risk by cross contamination, e.g.
	Clostridium.Difficile
	Takes an active role in outbreak management within healthcare
	settings (e.g. diarrhoea on a ward) and complies with procedures
	instituted by the infection control team
	Informs the competent authority of notifiable diseases
	 Challenges and corrects poor practice in others who are not
	observing best practice in infection control
	Recognises the need for immunisations and ensures own are up
	to date in accordance with local/national policy
	 Takes appropriate microbiological specimens in a timely fashio
	with safe technique
	 Recognises the risks to patients from transmission of blood-bor ne
	infection
20. Contributes	Quality Improvement
to quality	Shows evidence of involvement in quality improvement initiativ s
improvement	in healthcare
	Healthcare resource management
	-
	 Demonstrates understanding of the organisational structure of the NHC and independent costor and their role in the wider health
	NHS and independent sector and their role in the wider health
	and social care landscape
	Describes hospital and departmental management structure
	 Describes the processes of commissioning and funding, and the
	all healthcare professionals have a responsibility for stewardship

 See pracand Crit find ing (* Man 	ctice including pr l care bundles cically reviews res ling (e.g. journal datory training w	ses and acts on imary research search and, who club).	information related to medic evidence, reviews, guideline ere appropriate, presents of the study leave
nonsibility t			
polisionity t	to maintain their	mandatory req	uirements)
Equality and Diversity		nd	Health and Safety
Fire Safety		on and Control	Manual Handling - Clinical
Safeguarding Adults (Level 1)		dren (Level 1)	Information Governance
Medicine Coding			Personal Safety
luction			
Day 1 – RiO Training		Day 2 Local Induction	
	Level 1)	Management Infection Prevention (Level 1) Safeguarding Child EPMA	Infection Prevention and Control ILevel 1) Safeguarding Children (Level 1) EPMA uction

Personalised Work Schedule		
Description of post / Summary of Post		
Responsibilities of trainee in post		
Inpatients:		
Outpatients:		
Physical Health:		
Opportunities for WPBA		
Psychotherapy Training CTs		

Training Opportunities:

When starting a new placement you will have a meeting clinical supervisor. At this meeting you will:

- Review the curriculum outcomes listed in your e-portfolio
- Map these to the training opportunities available within the post.
- How to achieve your required curriculum outcomes should be discussed with your supervisor, linked to your PDP and form part of your regular supervisor review during the placement.
- Should you wish, you can document any specific training requirements discussed in the table below.
- Fixed clinical and teaching sessions to allow you to meet your training needs should be detailed in the timetable.

A copy of this personalised work schedule and Local Orientation Checklist should be scanned and returned to

<u>BSMHFT-Contracts@nhs.net</u> and a copy sent to your Educational Supervisor/College Tutor within 14 days of commencing within our trust.

Local Orientation Checklist (is in your induction Pack and on the BSMHFT intranet Connect)

Key curriculum outcomes during this placement	How they will be achieved	Achieved (Select option below)
		choose

Learning opportunities:

There are mandatory and optional learning opportunities during your placement. Some are part of a Trust wide programme and others are department specific. Review what is available with your supervisor to help you meet your learning needs.

Clinical Supervision

Time / Place

Trust wide learning opportunities	
Trust wide teaching	
Mandatory Training programme	
Any other relevant teaching	
Course Specific Teaching	
MRCPSYCH Teaching/GPVTS/ FY teaching/ST	
Balint Group	
Simulation sessions (where applicable for new starters)	
Departmental Education Meetings	
PGME Academic programme / Specialty teaching sessions	
Other Learning opportunities	
MDT teamwork and Learning	
Chairing of meetings	
Observed teaching delivery of students	
Management experience, including Clinical Governance meeting	
Leadership experience, evidence of departmental responsibility e.g. rota, departmental meetings,	
Observing/ Participation in Manager Hearings, First Tier Mental Health Tribunals & Court	
Preparation of Reports with CS supervision	
Participation in meetings to address patient safety, audit, risk management and quality improvement	
Reflective practice sessions	
Taster sessions	
Research & Presentations	
Team feedback/ Placement Supervision Groups	
Exam preparation resources	

Other: (Insert any other items relevant to the placement)

Indicative timetable:						
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday/ Sunday
AM 09:00 to 13:00						As per on call
PM 13:00 to 17:00						As per on call

Trainee Name:	Signature:	Date:	
Supervisor Name:	Signature:	Date:	

ORIENTATION CHECKLIST FOR NEW TRAINEE DOCTORS

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Trainee:

Supervisor:

Work Base:

Date of start of placement:

This checklist aims to standardise local departmental orientation arrangements and assist all supervisors to cover the essentials needed to induct a new member of staff safely and quickly. It is part of the GMC guidance for trusts employing trainees that an induction is in place for them.

This checklist should be completed by the clinical supervisor within the first 2 weeks of the placement along with the Personalised Work Schedule.

A copy MUST be forwarded to the <u>bsmhft.pgme-contracts@nhs.net</u> as evidence that the trainee has received a full induction.

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Introduction to the work base including:	
Parking arrangements	
Storage areas for personal belongings	
Office space	choose
Smoking areas	
Catering and toilet facilities	
Fire procedures, fire exits and fire alarms	
Ensure that they have the requisite ID, passes and alarms	choose
Trainee has IT access (Rio, EPMA, YCC)	choose
Trainee have collected any Trust mobile phones	choose
Trainee has Trust Laptop/Remote access Facilities (Desktop taken at home/Remote desktop licence)	choose
Introduction to members of the multidisciplinary team	choose
Confirm supervision arrangements	choose
Review the trainees personalised work schedule and confirm the timetable	
Ensure that the trainee and Clinical supervisor who is educational supervisor	choose
Ensure that they are aware of how to contact senior colleagues for support and support from PGME & HR. Consider a list of important phone numbers	choose
Ensure how to raise concern	
Ensure that trainee has Log-in and password of Allocate for Exception reporting	choose
Outline local procedures for requesting annual leave and study leave (cross cover arrangement if any)	choose
Show the trainee the trust intranet site and how to access guidelines, policies and procedures. Highlight any policies particularly relevant to the placement	choose
Ensure that they are familiar with the location and contents of the medical emergency bag	
Ensure trainee is aware of PAM (occupational health service) and how to access it	
Inform the trainee of the library facilities available in the trust	
Ensure that the trainee is familiar with the Eclipse reporting system	choose
Any issues specific for the site or job role: (please specify below)	

	1	
Lone working checklist	choose	
Has the trainee been provided a personal alarm and shown how to use it?	0110000	
Is the trainee aware of the local lone working policy and whom to contact in case	choose	
of emergencies whilst conducting lone working?		
Has the trainee watched the "BSMHFT lone working awareness" video?	choose	

Trainee signature:

Supervisor signature:

Date:

Date:

Please return this checklist with a copy of the personalised work schedule to the automated inbox

bsmhft.pgme-contracts@nhs.net

